

ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
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62 E I, II

අධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (සාමාන්‍ය පෙළ) විභාගය, 2021(2022)
கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (சாதாரண தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2021(2022)
General Certificate of Education (Ord. Level) Examination, 2021(2022)

පුරවැසි අධ්‍යාපනය I, II
 குடியியற் கல்வி I, II
 Civic Education I, II

පැය තුනයි
மூன்று மணித்தியாலம்
Three hours

අමතර කියවීමේ කාලය - මිනිත්තු 10 යි
 மேலதிக வாசிப்பு நேரம் - 10 நிமிடங்கள்
 Additional Reading Time - 10 minutes

Use additional reading time to go through the question paper, select the questions and decide on the questions that you give priority in answering.

Civic Education I

Instructions:

- * Answer all questions.
- * In each of the questions from 1 to 40, pick one of the alternatives (1), (2), (3), (4), which is correct or most appropriate.
- * Mark a cross (X) on the number corresponding to your choice in the answer sheet provided.
- * Further instructions are given on the back of the answer sheet. Follow them carefully.

1. If a payment should be done for the goods used for fulfilling human needs, it is identified as
 (1) physical goods. (2) production goods.
 (3) capital goods. (4) economical goods.
2. Among the electoral districts of Sri Lanka, the district that has the least extent of area is
 (1) Colombo. (2) Matara. (3) Monaragala. (4) Wanni.
3. The power to change or amend judiciary regulations is upon the
 (1) Minister of Justice. (2) Chief Justice.
 (3) Judicial Service Commission. (4) Attorney General.
4. The supreme governing body of the Greek city-state was named as
 (1) State council. (2) Public council.
 (3) Citizen's council. (4) Senate council.
5. The most important quality of a mediator in conflict resolution is
 (1) kindness. (2) unbiased nature. (3) patience. (4) religiousness.
6. The intimate reason for impacting the adoption of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights was
 (1) American Independence War. (2) French Revolution.
 (3) 1st World War. (4) 2nd World War.
7. What is the strongest reason causing environmental problems?
 (1) Increase of population (2) Expansion of economic issues
 (3) Over consumption of resources (4) Global warming
8. The president of the Judicial Services Commission is offered to the
 (1) Chief Justice. (2) Attorney General.
 (3) Minister of Justice. (4) His Excellency the President.

9. Changing the nature of the natural resources in order to fulfil needs and wants is
(1) consumption. (2) production. (3) transportation. (4) utilization.
10. What is the military organization that was initially established for the regional and collaborative security?
(1) Asian Organization (2) United Nations Organization
(3) SAARC Organization (4) NATO Organization
11. A main characteristic of law is that
(1) it is connected to human sentiments.
(2) the contravention of law becomes a punishable offence.
(3) the law can be defined as per the necessity.
(4) the law is non-specific and unclear.
12. As per the constitution of 1978, the tenure of the Sri Lanka Parliament in years is
(1) three. (2) four. (3) five. (4) six.
13. What is the state with a unitary government out of the following?
(1) Sri Lanka (2) United States of America
(3) Switzerland (4) Australia
14. Complaining about violation of fundamental rights can be easily forwarded to
(1) Supreme Court. (2) Human Rights Commission.
(3) Department of Attorney General. (4) Commissioner of the Parliament.
15. A specific characteristic that can be seen in modern multi cultural societies is
(1) raising conflicts based on religious opinions.
(2) being subjected to the impacts of globalization.
(3) creating conflicts among nations.
(4) accelerating the cultural integrity.
16. Select the option that carries the components used to calculate the Physical Quality of Life Index (PQLI) in correct order.
(1) Literacy, Life expectancy at birth, Infant Mortality Rate
(2) Purchasing power, Net foreign factor income, Literacy
(3) Life expectancy, Gross National Product, Welfare expenses
(4) Infant Mortality Rate, Literacy, Per Capita Income
17. The sector directly impacted for the economy of Sri Lanka under the current Covid 19 conditions is
(1) education services becoming poor.
(2) transport services becoming poor.
(3) downfall of tourism.
(4) disturbances in agriculture.
18. What is the answer that carries the permanent member countries of the Security Council correctly?
(1) China, Australia, France, Russia, Britain
(2) China, France, Russia, Britain, United States of America
(3) India, France, Russia, Britain, United States of America
(4) Germany, Russia, Britain, United States of America, Sweden
19. What is the agreement signed with the objective to develop a free trade zone among SAARC countries?
(1) SAPTA (2) NATO (3) WORSO (4) SAFTA
20. In which court can the charge offences related to Excise Ordinance be vested?
(1) Court of Appeal (2) High Court
(3) Magistrate's Court (4) District Court

21. Out of the following, what is a main function of the Sri Lankan Parliament?
 (1) Making of laws (2) Dispensing justice
 (3) Execution of laws (4) Interpreting laws
22. The state concept in which all groups that belong to different cultures living in the same country are considered as one nation is a
 (1) Nation State. (2) Unitary State.
 (3) Federal State. (4) Multiple State.
23. In which country out of the following a single party system is implemented?
 (1) India (2) Sweden (3) China (4) France
24. Which answer correctly depicts the causes of water pollution due to natural reasons only?
 (1) volcanoes, earthquakes, garbage disposal
 (2) volcanoes, earthquakes, tsunami
 (3) earthquakes, tsunami, gem mining
 (4) earthquakes, tsunami, construction of artificial reservoirs
25. A moral duty that must be performed by a citizen living in a democratic society is
 (1) payment of government taxes.
 (2) abide by the existing laws.
 (3) respect the judiciary.
 (4) maintain social customs and practices.
26. One of the most important points that must be paid attention in sustainable development process is
 (1) making environment friendly decisions.
 (2) encouraging investments of environmental resources.
 (3) amending environmental rules and regulations.
 (4) introducing optional materials for environmental materials.
27. In which year the amendment of the constitution took place through which Sri Lanka became a republic?
 (1) 1931 (2) 1947 (3) 1972 (4) 1978
28. An activity that must **not** be performed by mass media of a democratic society is
 (1) promoting political parties.
 (2) improving knowledge of the public.
 (3) providing true and accurate information.
 (4) providing timely information on time.
29. The assignment of powers vested in the government of a country by the constitution upon regional units is
 (1) decentralization of power. (2) devolution of power.
 (3) organization of power. (4) expansion of power.
30. The power of removing the Governor of a provincial council is vested upon the
 (1) Chief Minister. (2) Prime Minister.
 (3) His Excellency the President. (4) Chief Justice.
31. Select the answer that correctly includes two functions of Local Authorities of Sri Lanka.
 (1) public roads - urban schools. (2) public roads - water supply.
 (3) public roads - public markets. (4) public roads - public health.
32. Between Russia and Ukraine, created a
 (1) political conflict. (2) ethnic conflict.
 (3) religious conflict. (4) economic conflict.

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33. A cause having a severe impact on natural environmental balance is
 (1) the increase of global temperature. (2) the change of environment due to human activities.
 (3) the occurrence of climatic changes. (4) the increase of natural disasters.
34. What is the best method to get 'win-win' solutions in conflict resolution?
 (1) inquiry. (2) conciliation. (3) discussion. (4) mediation.
35. The most important duty performed by you while engaging in an occupation is
 (1) carrying out work with dignity of work and efficiency.
 (2) completing own educational qualifications according to the occupation.
 (3) developing own skills according to the requirements of the country.
 (4) always standing for the professional rights.
36. The statement that explains the concept of fundamental rights is
 (1) the rights as per the child rights.
 (2) the rights included in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.
 (3) the rights under optional agreements.
 (4) the rights included in the constitution.
37. What is the country where the center of the International Court of Justice is situated?
 (1) United States of America. (2) Sweden.
 (3) Netherland. (4) Denmark.
38. Which category of the following contains the law where the male totally control the property?
 (1) Muslim law (2) Civil law
 (3) Kandyan law (4) Thesawalamai law
39. Column 'A' consists of few religions that can be seen in a multi cultural society and column 'B' contains few religious festivals of those religions.
 Match column 'A' and column 'B' correctly and select the answer.
- | 'A' | 'B' |
|-----------------|------------------|
| 1. Buddhism | A - Shiva Rathri |
| 2. Hinduism | B - Ramazan |
| 3. Islam | C - Good Friday |
| 4. Christianity | D - Vesak |
- (1) ABDC (2) BCAD (3) DABC (4) DCBA
40. Select the answer having statements that describe the capitalist economic system out of the statements given below.
 A - Goods and services are used to fulfil social requirements.
 B - Productions are issued to the market according to the price method.
 C - Economical resources are owned by private sector.
 D - Exchange of goods is expanded to local and international market.
 E - Profit oriented handling of economic affairs.
- (1) ABC (2) ADE (3) BCE (4) CDE

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සියලු ම හිමිකම් ඇවිරිණි / முழுப் பதிப்புரிமையுடையது [All Rights Reserved]

ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
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குடியியற் கல்வி I, II
Civic Education I, II

Civic Education II

* Question No. 1 is compulsory.

* Answer five questions including question No. 1 and four other questions.

1. (i) Name **two** elections that give the opportunity for the Sri Lankan voters to vote.
(ii) What are the **two** methods followed to devolve powers of the central government to regional authorities.
(iii) Name **two** foreign nations who came to Sri Lanka in the ancient times for trade.
(iv) Name **two** production factors and the **two** related payments for those.
(v) What are the **two** main fields of categorizing conflicts seen in human society?
(vi) Mention **two** characteristics of law.
(vii) Name the **two** methods of selecting representatives to the Parliament of Sri Lanka.
(viii) Name **two** matters considered in preparing the Convention on Child Rights.
(ix) State **two** main problems faced by developing countries.
(x) Name **two** main institutions of United Nations Organization.

(02 × 10 = 20 marks)

2. Holding free and fair elections is an essential factor in successful democracy.

- (i) Briefly introduce the concept of democracy. (02 marks)
- (ii) State **three** features of free and fair election. (03 marks)
- (iii) (a) State **three** tasks of the opposition party in making the democratic governance a success. (03 marks)
- (b) Briefly describe how **one** of the tasks mentioned in the above (a) should be performed. (02 marks)

3. Prevention of conflicts can be done by minimizing the situations of conflict.

- (i) State **two** examples for intricate conflicts. (02 marks)
- (ii) Mention **three** qualities of an arbitrator. (03 marks)
- (iii) (a) State **three** features that can be seen in the process of inquiry. (03 marks)
- (b) Explain **one** of the features mentioned in the above (a). (02 marks)

4. Protection of justice and law within a democratic constitution is an important responsibility of the judiciary.
- (i) Name **two** officers help in fulfilling power and functions of Attorney General. (02 marks)
 - (ii) State **three** actions taken by the government of Sri Lanka to protect the independence of judiciary. (03 marks)
 - (iii) (a) Mention **three** offences that can be taken action under criminal law. (03 marks)
 - (b) Briefly explain **two** actions that can be done by you as a citizen in order to prevent the offences you mentioned. (02 marks)
5. An environmental friendly sustainable development is an essential factor for a country.
- (i) Name **two** modern measurements used for measurement of development. (02 marks)
 - (ii) Suggest **three** actions that can be followed to win the present developmental challenges of Sri Lanka. (03 marks)
 - (iii) (a) Mention **three** responsibilities of a citizen in the journey of sustainable development. (03 marks)
 - (b) Explain how **one** of the responsibilities mentioned in the above (a) can be performed. (02 marks)
6. An economic system is how a society is organised to solve basic economic problems.
- (i) State **two** different economic systems existing in the world. (02 marks)
 - (ii) Mention **three** good results seen in Sri Lanka due to technological development and globalization. (03 marks)
 - (iii) (a) State **three** unfavourable features that can be seen in market economic system. (03 marks)
 - (b) Suggest an action to minimize **one** of the unfavourable features mentioned in the above (a). (02 marks)
7. Various religious, social and cultural factors have impacted on Sri Lanka being a multi-cultural society.
- (i) Name **two** nations except Sinhalese that live in Sri Lanka. (02 marks)
 - (ii) State **three** qualities that must be developed by you as a citizen living in a multi cultural society for the well-being of the society. (03 marks)
 - (iii) (a) Write **three** results gained by living in unity in a multi cultural society. (03 marks)
 - (b) Explain how **one** of the results mentioned in the above (a) causes the well-being of the society. (02 marks)

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